Periodic Adult Health Maintenance Record For Women Aged 21 - 64

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Date:

Duto.					
CURRENT PATIENT (CONCERNS			CURRENT MEDICATIONS	
REVIEW OF SYSTEMS	SOCIAL HISTORY		PAST MEDICAL HISTORY		
□ Screen for ainaivitis: Do your	□ Smoking:	nack-vrs	☐ Cardiac Risk Factors	FAMILY HISTORY	

	REVIEW OF SYSTEMS	SOCIAL HISTORY	PAST MEDIC	AL HISTORY
0 0	gums bleed while brushing?	Smoking: pack-yrs ○ Thinking of Quitting? Y / N Alcohol Intake: (Max: ♀-9, ♂-14)	Cardiac Risk Factors o Age: Post-menopausal o Hypertension	FAMILY HISTORY Cardiac
	driving: o Decreased Vision	drinks/week o If > Max, do CAGE: /4	 Hyperlipidemia Diabetes Mellitus	Cancer
	Decreased HearingDecreased Flexibility	Exercise: Drug Use: Y / N	SmokerPrior Rubella immunization?	Psychiatric
	 Slow information processing consider driving assessment if +ve Assess for osteoporosis risk 	Assess for STD if high risk † History of Domestic Violence? (I): Y / N	Prior exposure to chicken pox: Y/N New immigrant from:	Other
	factors † Screen for depression † Screen for Suicide risk (I) †	Current Employment: o Assess for noise exposure		OTHER PAST MEDICAL HISTORY
	General R.O.S. Completed			
<u>A</u> ı	DDITIONAL COMMENTS			

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION					
Blood Pressure:	Height (m):	Weight (kg):	BMI (kg/m²):		
□ Skin exam for moles: o If high risk † o General population (I) □ Oral cavity exam annually for smo	EVIDENCE-BAS	Clinical Breast Exam (Ages 50-69) Gonorrhea swab if high risk † Chlamydia swab If high risk † General population PAP test † Pelvic exam for ovarian mass if at risk † Examine for osteoporotic fractures †	AS INDICATED BY HISTORY ☐ General Physical Exam Completed		
Additional Comments					

Grade A - Bold

Grade B – Italic

Grades C and I - Plain Text

Patient Addressograph

References: Recommendations are from the Canadian Task Force (http://www.ctfphc.org) with the exception of the following recommendations which are from the United States Preventative Health Task Force (http://www.ahrq.qov/clinic/uspstfix.htm): Aspirin for prophylaxis against cardiovascular events, screening for hypertension, physical activity counseling, screening for obesity, as well as screening for cervical, prostate, and skin cancers. Last Updated April 2005.

	Smokers: Smoking cessation counseling Recommend eat green leafy vegetables † Dental Advice: Brushing and flossing of teeth Annual professional scaling and plaque removal	□ Sun exposure counseling (I) □ Safety Issues:	Lifestyle Issues: Dietary counseling: If CV risk factors General population (I) Recommend regular physical activity (I) † Weight-bearing activity † Recommend weight reduction if BMI>30 (I) Advise against alcohol abuse if CAGE +ve † Education re: Gonorrhea prevention if at risk† Dietician referral if at risk †					
	INVESTIGATIONS AND TREATMENT							
	Screening for Colon Cancer: Fecal Occult Blood test q 1-2 years adults >50 Fecal Occult Blood test q 1-2 years adults >50 Flexible Sigmoidoscopy q 1-2 years adults >50 Colonoscopy if high risk† Mammogram q 1-2 years, Age 50-69 DEXA scan q 1-2 years if 1 Major or 2 Marisk factors for osteoporosis † B Skin test if high risk † HIV testing: If high risk † General population Glucose Fasting Age >40, q 3 years. If risk factors for Type-II Diabetes, q Screen for nutritional deficiency if at risk Serum CBC, B ₁₂ , Albumin, Iron Fasting lipid profile, Age >50 † If cardiac risk factors	o If Systolic BP > 140 ars for Supplemental Vitamin D o 800 IU/day, Age > 50 □ Folic Acid 0.4 mg/day for women capab becoming pregnant inor □ Dietary/Supplemental Calcium o 1000 mg/d, Age 19-50 o 1500 mg/d, Age > 50 □ Treatment of hyperlipidemia † □ Aspirin to prevent cardiovascular events o If high risk for coronary heart disease o If asymptomatic, average CV risk						
	o If no cardiac risk factors MUNIZATIONS Pneumonia vaccination: o If at risk † o Age <55 and independent Varicella vaccination if no history of chick pox infection Influenza vaccination prior to each wiflu season Rubella vaccination if capable of become pregnant and no evidence of previous immunization SUMMARY Of	ken nter	OTHER COMMENTS					
D	ATE	SIGNAT	URE					

Counseling Issues

ADULT HEALTH MAINTENANCE SELECTED GUIDELINES

REVIEW OF SYSTEMS AND SOCIAL HISTORY

Depression screen – all adults if there are integrated programs available (i.e. antidepressant medications and psychotherapeutic interventions) to patients and access to case management or mental health care. (B)

Osteoporosis Risk Factors - See 'Investigation" section below. (B)

STD High risk - Gay/bisexual men, prostitutes, IV drug users, other known STD infection, recent immigrant, blood transfusion between 1978-1985. (C)

Suicide High risk – High-risk groups include: those with a history of psychiatric illness, drug & alcohol abuse especially those living in isolation, those with chronic terminal illness, Native Canadians especially young males, family history of suicide, first generation immigrant women. (I)

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

Chlamydia swab, at risk – Age <25 and sexually active, new sexual partner within one year, >2 sexual partners within the past year, use of non-barrier contraception, cervical friability, inter-menstrual bleeding, any vaginal discharge. (A) (C recommendation for low risk female)

Gonorrhea swab, high risk - Age < 30 with 2+ sexual partners, age < 16 at first sexual encounter, prostitutes, known STD contact. (A)

Osteoporotic Fractures - Examine for postural kyphosis, examine for back pain, and assess for vertical height loss. (C)

PAP Test – For all sexually active women annually until 3 consecutive normal results then can extend to every 3 years unless has had a total hysterectomy or is >65 yrs. (A)

Pelvic examination, high risk – Known 1st degree relative with ovarian cancer. (C)

Skin Cancer High risk – 1st degree relative with malignant melanoma, fair-skinned, >50 moles, presence of atypical mole(s). (B)

COUNSELING ISSUES

Alcohol Abuse – Use 5-minute counseling session: 1 - Give feedback of CAGE results. 2 - Link excess alcohol use to negative consequences. 3 - Advise to decrease alcohol consumption. (B)

Dietician referral if high risk - Elderly, lives alone, alcoholic, diabetic. (B)

Gonorrhea Education - Abstinence prevents transmission, condom use decreases transmission. (B)

Physical activity - 30 min. moderate activity most days of the week (ex. Walking, Golfing-no cart, slow biking, raking leaves, household cleaning). (I)

Smokers and ex-smokers - Advise average of 7 daily servings of green leafy vegetables and/or fruit to decrease risk of lung cancer by two-fold. (B)

INVESTIGATIONS AND TREATMENT

Colonoscopy – Personal history of colonic polyps, family history of colon CA, Familial Adenomatous Polyposis, Hereditary Non-Polyposis Colorectal Cancer (HNPCC). (B)

Diabetes Risk Factors – 1st degree relative with DM, high risk ethnicity (Native, Hispanic, Asian, South Asian, African), History of IGT, vascular disease, History of GDM, History of macrosomic infant, hypertension, hyperlipidemia, overweight, abdominal obesity, polycystic ovarian syndrome, acanthosis nigricans, schizophrenia.

HIV testing, at risk – Gay and bisexual men, prostitutes, IV drug use, recent immigrants from endemic areas, any STD infection. (A) (C recommendation for general population)

Hyperlipidemia, screening – Guideline recommendation for fasting lipid profile every 5 years. Screening more frequently (every 1-2 years) if cardiac risk factors present (not evidence-based). Base screening on clinical decision. (Consensus recommendation, no grading available at present)

Hyperlipidemia, treatment – Recommend repeating fasting lipid profile in 1-8 weeks. Base dietary and pharmacotherapy on target lipid values as determined by level of risk. (B)

Nutritional deficiencies, screening - Alcoholic, elderly, institutionalized. (C)

Osteoporosis Risk Factors – <u>Major</u>: Age>65, fragility fracture <40 years old, vertebral compression fracture, propensity to fall, family history, osteopenia on x-ray, systemic steroid use >3 months, malabsorption syndrome, primary hyperparathyroidism, menopause <45 years old, hypogonadism. <u>Minor</u>: Weight <57 kg, chronic anticonvulsant use, smoker, rheumatoid arthritis, excessive EtOH, excessive caffeine, chronic heparin use, weight loss >10% at age 25, low dietary calcium, hyperthyroidism. (B)

TB skin test - Immigrants from endemic areas, Native Canadian, close TB contact, IV drug use, alcohol abuse, chronic medical condition. (A)

Grade A – Bold Grade B – Italic Grades C and I – Plain Text

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